

LOCAL BRIEFS.

The county canvass is at Pikeville to-morrow. Stony Creek on Friday, and will wind up in this city on Saturday. Let Democrats everywhere—all over the county, be up and at work.

We regret to learn that our good friend and countryman Mr. J. W. Burdine, living near this city, and who has been in feeble health for several months, is prostrated at his home by a stroke of paralysis.

Miss Julia Caster has gone to New York to pursue the study of music and the languages. Her many friends here will miss her greatly in her absence, while wishing her a prosperous and happy year of study.

DURING the few remaining days of the campaign let every Democrat in North Carolina go actively to work to save his State from the ignominy of Republican election. Work and vigilance win political battles.

DURING the month of October more fish were shipped from the A. & N. C. R. R. than ever before during any one month in the history of the road. The fish industry at Morehead City and Newbern has reached mammoth proportions.

The proof is cumulative and conclusive that Mr. Otho Wilson is State Chief of the detestable—outlawed "Gideonites," as well as chairman of the Third Party State Executive Committee. Again we rise to ask who is the "Gideon" Chief for Wayne County?

COTTON is coming into this market daily in large quantities. Our country friends from near and far have realized that Goldsboro is the best market for the staple in the State, and hence their patronage comes here, which is duly appreciated by us all.

We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from Rev. Dr. Reid, editor of the Raleigh *Christian Advocate*, whom we found to be a delightful gentleman and charming conversationalist. He was en route home from a visit to Wilmington, where he spent Sunday.

The death of Mr. James B. Davis, a young man of Newhope township, occurred on Thursday night, at the home of his father, who is himself extremely ill. The young man died from a complication of brain trouble subsequent upon a severe attack of the grip last Winter.

DEMOCRATS, remember the days of '68, and think of the Force bill that threatens us with a return of those horrible times that tried true men's souls! Buckle on your armor now and take it not off till the victory is ours on the night of November 8th. We cannot triumph unless we work.

The enterprising, progressive and popular insurance firm of Craton & Crawford, that have their business office opposite THE ARGUS establishment, have bought out the entire insurance business of Mr. R. M. Freeman and that of Capt. D. J. Broadhurst, good will and all. THE ARGUS wishes them abundant patronage.

The Goldsboro Cotton Mill will soon start up on its fullest possible running capacity. Mr. L. D. Gully, its new owner, has secured the services of one of the best cotton mill men in the South as its superintendent, and at an early date the machinery will be set going and kept on full running time. Success to it.

Come on back, Democrats. What's the use of bawling off your nose to spite your face? Come here, where you know very well when you vote for Weaver you are casting a vote for Harrison, and against your own best interests. How can you do it? Weaver hates the South. Why should any Southern man forget his manhood and the dead heroes of the "Lost Cause," and vote for a man who has cursed their memory and reviled their living comrades?

The death of Mr. Thos. Hill, of Hillsboro, who was a nephew of our venerable townsman Dr. Jno. H. Hill, Sr., occurred in New York yesterday. His remains will be taken to Pittsboro, in this State, for interment. He was a young man of courtly manners and congenial temperament, and possessed a wide circle of friends who will be deeply grieved at his untimely death. He married Miss Ruffin, of Hillsboro, daughter of the late Judge Ruffin, and she, with one child, survives him.

A most enjoyable "Hallow-een" party was given by Miss Mattie Lee, at her hospitable home in this city Monday evening, complimentary to her young lady visitor, Miss Sophia Jones, of Newbern, which was attended by a perfect galaxy of her young lady and gentlemen friends. All the Hallow-een sports of "legendary lore," and many new ones, were indulged in with a zest and merriment that gave fleet wings to the joyous hours of the evening's brilliant entertainment. It was an altogether enjoyable occasion and will long be pleasantly remembered.

On Tuesday next will be the great general election of the nation—the most important in the history of our government will be on. Let every Democrat gird on his armor and work all this week, and on Tuesday next let no Democrat depart from the field till the battle is fought and won and the victory is ours. Apathy will lose us many

votes, and no matter how great our majority we have not one vote to spare. No army, however numerous and invincible, ever has a single man to spare; they are all equally cherished and cared for: so it is with the voters of a party. Let us all stand together and let no man depart from his party fealty.

So near to the election, when the silent battle of ballots is to be fought, that is to decide the issues at stake between a free people, the minds of voters should be preserved in calmness and without passion. Personal difficulties should be avoided, if possible, and if unavoidable, they should not be given prominence above the issues behind them. The purpose of this brief is obvious to our readers. It is written for the advice of wise counsel. Democratic to the core. Let us rally to the Democratic ticket, and bury under an avalanche of ballots Exum, who "prefers negro rule or anything else in North Carolina" to the honest administration that has characterized our grand old State under Democratic supremacy.

PAT EXUM, the "Ripper" is said to have said that he has all the newspaper notoriety he is looking for and now he is going in for war—and war to the knife. He whips out his long, keen-bladed knife with a blood-thirstiness that is appalling in the Republican candidate for Governor of this great and law-abiding State of North Carolina. Reform indeed! Pat Exum told a gentleman in this city that the Democrats had offered him \$20,000 to retire from the field. Does any—even any Third Party man believe this? Exum threatened the life of a citizen of Goldsboro Friday on the public streets in the presence of Police-officer Denning and a number of bystanders. Is such a man fit for even the candidacy of Governor much less the actual office? From the reform that is to come through the leadership of "Pat Exum, the Ripper," good Lord, deliver us, we devoutly pray! Heaven forbid that such a man, or his confederates, should ever attain to the highest office in the gift of the people of North Carolina.

The Literary Society connected with the local Young Men's Christian Association made its debut on Thursday night last and the event was a most enjoyable one. Association Hall had been tastefully decorated for the occasion and amid the brilliant illuminations presented a handsome appearance. The select audience was present which seemed to be much edified by the eloquence of the embryo orators. The exercises of the evening opened with a program of instrumental music from the Gem City Banjo Club, which, to judge by the applause, was much appreciated. The debate on the subject: "Resolved, That the pursuit of an object affords more pleasure than its possession," was then taken up. The affirmative argument was very ably presented by Messrs. W. L. Humphrey, D. J. Sasser and C. M. Levisier, and they were very effectively replied to by Messrs. A. U. Kornegay, L. B. Humphrey and J. C. Lewis. The board of judges, composed of Messrs. Henry Lee, W. H. Huggins and M. J. Best, awarded the debate to the negative side.

Attempted Assassination.

(Charlotte Observer, Oct. 30.)

MORGANTON, N. C., 20.—Dr. Geo. W. Sanderlin was in Morganton today on his return from a campaign through Mitchell and Yancy counties and gives the details of an attempt which was made by Republicans in Burnsville, Yancy county to assassinate him. A band of Republican toughs had sworn that there should be no more Democratic speaking at Burnsville, and when last Wednesday Sanderlin spoke there, they attempted to carry out their threat. The mob collected at the court house door and detailed Bud Parrott, a noted desperado, to attack Dr. Sanderlin and break up the speaking. Parrott, armed with a big bowie knife, entered the court house which was full of people, and began to cut and swear, cursing the Democrats and edging his way toward Dr. Sanderlin, armed with the deadly knife. The Democrats seeing his object was to stab the doctor, overpowered him and forced him out of the court house. When they opened the door three in waiting rushed to the rescue with pistols, knives and rocks and a regular battle ensued on the court house steps, in which a number on both sides were shot and cut.

Quiet was at length restored and Dr. Sanderlin was proceeding with his speech when two more of the Republican mob entered the court room and they were also put out, the fight on the steps being renewed. Parrott was shot twice through the body and is not expected to live. A Democrat named Phil Phillips was terribly stabbed by a bowie knife and fully one dozen men were seriously wounded.

The attack was wholly without provocation, as Dr. Sanderlin is known to be one of the fairest and most courteous speakers in the State. The most intense indignation has been aroused in the mountain counties by this dastardly attempt at assassination.

A GREAT many honest-minded people were deceived in 1884, and they know it now, by the stories of disaster that they were assured would follow the election of Mr. Cleveland. It was the fault of their deceivers that time, but it will be their own fault if they let themselves be similarly imposed upon in this campaign.

THE FORCE BILL NOT DEAD

IT IS ALLREADY CASTING ITS SHADOW ALL OVER NORTH CAROLINA IN THE FORM OF FEDERAL SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS.

Let Democracy Rise and Assert Itself. Let Freeman Beware.

They say the Force Bill is a dead issue in this campaign—the wily Radicals and anarchical Third-partyites and Gideonites in disguise; but it is not dead, neither does it slumber: it is the liveliest and most hopeful and most powerful issue the Radicals have, and no man who is a freeman in soul and a patriot at heart should shut his eyes to the facts that stalk at noon-day or close his ears to the warning cry of Democracy in the watch-tower.

In this issue will be seen news of the first fruit of the appointment of Federal supervisors in an eastern county. A Halifax registrar refused to exhibit his book and two Federal supervisors—one a Gideonite and the other a negro—took him under arrest. A correct interpretation of the election law warranted the registrar in his refusal; but even if there were a case against him, the purpose to persecute him and to terrorize other election officers and Democrats generally is shown in his having been dragged to Raleigh for a preliminary hearing, instead of his having been carried before a local United States commissioner to be bound over.

It is for such purposes as this that these spies and hirelings are chosen. They are not appointed in the interest of pure elections, but to intimidate Democrats by holding before them the terrors of Federal authority. The simple appointment of these supervisors is in its very self a menace to the citizens, and such demonstrations of authority as this in Halifax are for the purpose of frightening timid Democrats and keeping them from the polls.

Again, there came to this city yesterday—and direct to our office—Mr. G. W. Richardson, an intelligent and upright gentleman from Core Creek, Craven County, who is the Registrar of his precinct, and he reported to us that two election supervisors, one negro and one "Gideonite," had been appointed for his polling place and that they waited upon him Monday and demanded his registration books, which he, of course—and properly—refused to give up, whereupon they threatened him with "Mogul" Shaffer and confidante Federal punishment; but up to this writing Mr. Richardson is holding his books ready for the election next Tuesday.

The secret of the whole design is that these Federal supervisors and intimidating demands are being appointed and made chiefly at precincts where the Democratic vote is known to be largely in the majority. Their nefarious purpose is to get up disturbances at these places and thereupon throw out the whole vote as irregular, thereby making immense gains for the Republican ticket.

Democrats, white men of the Old North State, patriotic sons of our sacred soil, will quietly suffer such a hard-handed, open appalling usurpation of your rights as free men? The days are few between now and the election. You should be up and at work. It remains to be seen whether you will permit yourselves to be brow-beaten and deprived of your rights at the polls, and of your votes after they are polled, or whether you will resent this interference and emphasize your resentment by renewed zeal and determination to overthrow the party that threatens us all. We have no doubt of the effect which this intended bulldozing will have.

And yet there are people among us who say that the Force bill is a scare-crow, a bugaboo, and a dead issue beside.

MORE PROOF

That S. Otho Wilson Did Organize Gideon's Band.

Raleigh Chronicle. The following letter from Mr. J. H. Dunn, of Vance county, to Mr. M. L. Reed, of Buncombe, has been forwarded to Chairman Simmons with permission to publish.

HENDERSON, N. C., Oct. 22, '92. M. L. Reed, Esq., Biltmore, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—In reply to your letter of enquiry just received, I beg to say I was present in Goldsboro when you were initiated into the order known as "Gideon's Band" by Mr. S. Otho Wilson, and my recollection confirms your statement as to what transpired at the time of your initiation.

I was initiated into the order by Mr. Wilson at Morehead City on the night of the 14th of August, 1891, in the presence of several gentlemen, among them a prominent candidate on the State ticket of the People's party. I notice you do not remember the exact terms of the obligation, but that the obligation was rigid one. Upon this point I beg to say, further replying to your letter, that the following is an exact copy of the obligation administered to me at the

time of my initiation:

[Here follows the oath as published in THE ARGUS last week.] I consented to become a member of the Band of Gideon after being assured most positively that it had no political significance and that I could retire at any time I saw fit. I should not have joined the order if I had supposed it was the purpose to use it for political purposes or to improperly direct or control the councils of the Alliance, and as soon as I became convinced that it was being used to further political schemes and to influence in that direction the noble order to which we both belong, I at once severed my connection with it.

My first suspicion that the order was being used in this way was at the speaking at Henderson by Mr. Marion Butler and Col. Harry Skinner, when I received a sign from a gentleman which I recognized to be a sign of the order known as "Gideon's Band." It is not necessary for me to detail what this gentleman said to me subsequently which further aroused my suspicions. These suspicions were strengthened and confirmed at a meeting of the Alliance delegates to the Democratic State Convention of 1892, held in Raleigh the night before the convention assembled. In this meeting Mr. S. Otho Wilson suggested and advocated the retirement of the Alliance delegates when the convention reached the election of delegates to the National Democratic Convention to be held at Chicago, and I opposed the suggestion. During the discussion Mr. Wilson gave a sign which I recognized as a sign of the order, and a delegate touched me and I stopped and we retired together when he suggested to me that I should cease from opposition and let the thing go on.

I then became thoroughly satisfied that that order was being given a political significance, and on my return home I surrendered to Mr. Wilson his papers and I have had nothing to do with it since.

I send you a letter written to me by Mr. Wilson, in reply to one written to him by me. I make this statement because I am satisfied that my duty to my State and fellow-citizens imperatively demands that I should break silence about the matter which seems to me a serious menace to the peace and good order of our people, and because I believe it is my duty to the Alliance, whose cause is being ruined by this secret order. I am still an Alliance man, and I joined this order to serve the Alliance cause, but I am now satisfied that so far from serving this cause, it is destroying it, and that my duty as an Alliance man, as well as a citizen, demands that I should take these steps to secure the suppression of the "Band."

Yours very and fraternally, J. H. DUNN. (Signed.)

Here is a copy of the letter referred to by Mr. Dunn: Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 29, 1892. J. H. Dunn, Esq. Proceed to appoint 1 in each T.S., who selects say 2 to 8 more to work with him. Collect and hold dues of \$2.00 till further instructions. Truly, W. W. W. (G.)

[Of course "G" stands for Gideon. There being over 1,000 townships in the State the collections Wilson has been taking up amount to quite a snug fortune. What has he done with the money? We have seen original of this letter.—Ed.]

The Bulldozing Begun.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 31.—In Halifax, R. G. Reid, of Halifax township, was arrested this morning. He is the registered there. Two United States supervisors, a Republican negro and a Third partyite, called on Reid and demanded his registration books in order that they might inspect them and make copies. Reid refused to allow the books to be inspected. Thereupon the supervisors telegraphed to A. W. Shaffer, chief supervisor, at Raleigh and the latter ordered that Reid be arrested and brought before him and not before any other commissioner. Reid was brought here this afternoon. Shaffer claiming that he only had jurisdiction. He required Reid to give a \$1,000 bond for his appearance. The arrest of Reid has caused indignation among the Democrats and is declared to be worth 500 votes to their party in Halifax county alone.

Some of the most eminent lawyers in the State say to-night, after investigation at the request of Democratic Chairman Simmons, that Shaffer is acting in defiance of law and in excess of his powers, and that his action is a clear effort to force the enfranchisement of the people in favor of the Republican party under which he holds office of Postmaster of the city of Raleigh. They base their opinion upon Section 218 of the United States Revised Statutes, which says:

"The supervisors of election appointed for any county or parish in any Congressional district at the instance of ten citizens, as provided in Section 2011, shall have no authority to make arrest or to perform other duties than to be in the immediate presence of the officers holding the election and to witness all their proceedings, including the counting of the votes and the making of a return thereof."

All kinds of Bleached Goods and domestics at cut prices at New York Bargain Store.

THE FORCE BILL IS ALIVE.

RECENT REPUBLICAN DECLARATIONS IN FAVOR OF THAT REVOLUTIONARY MEASURE.

An Exposure of the conspiracy of Radical Usurpationists Against Free Government and the Prosperity of the South.

Our Homes And Our Liberties Are Threatened

Utterances of leading Republicans in regard to the Force Bill reveal in a startling manner the dangers that threaten the country from the revolutionary schemes of the party in power. There can be no doubt of the intention of the Republicans to pass the bill if they succeed in carrying this election.

No sincere lover of his country can contemplate calmly the far-reaching consequences of this legislation. The programme means the usurpation of all political power by the Federal Government, the political and industrial enslavement of the South. It means the ultimate overthrow of our free institutions and the setting up of an oligarchy upon their ruins. It means the destruction of the Republic. The hour has come when all patriots should stand shoulder to shoulder in defence of their homes and their freedom as American citizens as against the revolutionary plans of a party of desperate political conspirators. Look at these utterances:—

"With the Lodge National Election Law in full force over the South, and various Democratic strongholds up North, we may confidently look for a different state of political affairs than now exists. New York City will then return several more Republican Congressmen than at present, while more than twenty negro representatives from the South will render the Republican control of the future Congress absolutely secure and safe. As Mississippi, South Carolina and Florida contain a large majority of negroes, and as there are enough white Republicans in Alabama, Arkansas, North Carolina and Louisiana acting in concert with the negroes to put these States in the Republican line, we can confidently look in the future for seven Southern States to be reliably Republican. This means a gain of fourteen Senators and at least twenty representatives to the Republican party. When through the operation of the Lodge National Election Law six or seven Southern States shall discard Democratic rule we shall look confidently to see some measures done the blacks, who have so long been defrauded of their rights. Heavy taxes should be laid upon the property of the whites to develop and extend the public school system in these States. Separate schools for the two races should be abolished, and the plan of bringing the youth of both colors into close and equal relations in schools and churches given a fair trial, as one of the most potent elements to break down the detestable Bourbonism of the South. The right of the black to bear arms should be guaranteed to him as well as all the social rights intended to be secured him by the passage of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution. The State laws against the intermarriage of the races should be repealed, and any discriminations against the black in matters of learning trades or obtaining employment should be made a criminal offence, while the colored man's right to hold office should be sacredly protected and recognized. A few years of this policy will solve the race problem satisfactorily."—National Republican, Washington, D. C., July 3, 1891.

"I give notice now that I shall continue to press my Force Bill, and I intend to pass it before I die, too. I shall pass the Force bill yet—see you if I don't."—John I. Davenport, United States Supervisor of elections in New York City, and author of the Lodge Force Bill.

"I believe my Democratic friends say that their is a Force bill issue in this campaign, I don't think there is, but I think there ought to be."—This is the most important question in this campaign, and I would a good deal rather have negro domination in the South than the domination that prevails there at the present time."—Ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas in a speech at Topeka, Oct. 9, 1892.

"If the Democrats had never been allowed to regain control of the State Governments of the North, Northern capital would never have embarked in the development of Southern coal and iron; and the surest and speediest way to put a stop to this competition from men who are our political enemies, as well as our commercial rivals, is to carry through and enforce measures like the Lodge Election law."—* * * And if we can once more get them into the condition they were before 1876 we won't hear any more about cheap iron and cheap cotton goods from the South. They will have

other things to think about."—Editorial in the Philadelphia Press, edited by one of President Harrison's closest friends, Hon. Emory Smith, late Minister to Russia.

The Colleges for Cleveland.

The address of the professors of Amherst College in favor of Cleveland has suggested to the New York World a canvass of the faculties of other Eastern Colleges. The result gives a very interesting illustration of the widespread revolt among educated and thinking men against the recent policy of the Republican party.

The extent of this revolt at Harvard is already familiar. Harvard was formerly described as a "hot-bed of abolitionism" and it was the school from which the Republican party drew many of its ablest and ablest teachers. Even the reconstruction policy and Grantism did not shake the Republicanism of the great Massachusetts university; but as the party grew more and more closely identified with the high tariff policy the Harvard professors dropped away from it. In 1888 four-fifths of them voted for Cleveland and this year it is said that Harrison men are hard to find among the faculty.

This is not extraordinary, for the teaching of Harvard has always been contrary to the principle of a monopoly tariff. The interesting point just now is the evidence that the other colleges in Massachusetts hold the same political attitude. At Williams, which graduated Garfield, and where every member of the faculty with the exception of the professor of political economy voted for him, it is now said that all but two will vote for Cleveland this year. Amherst is the other important college in Massachusetts and the declaration of its professors has been already published.

Even more interesting is the change reported at Connecticut's seat of learning, Yale, where the Cleveland men in the faculty are said now to outnumber the Harrison men four to one, nearly all of the younger instructors being Democrats. These are the great centres of instruction in New England, and their influence is sufficient to account for the evident drift of the younger men away from the party of monopoly. In the minor colleges further east, like Bowdoin, in Maine, and Dartmouth, in New Hampshire, the correspondents found little or no change to report, and the same may be said of most of the colleges in New York and Pennsylvania included in the inquiry, with the exception of Lehigh University, at Bethlehem, in this State, where it is said that ten of the thirteen members of the faculty will vote for Cleveland, though Dr. Lamber-ton and Dr. Coppee are the only two who were not Republicans before.

There are some other interesting points in the count of the colleges, but these are sufficient to illustrate the unquestionable tendency of educating sentiment. It was from the colleges of the country that the revolt against slavery received its earliest and strongest impulse, and the sentiment they planted spread steadily till it reached the masses of the people and swept away slavery before it. In the modern movement against the slavery of monopoly the educated and thinking men are only a little in advance of the crowd. Unless all signs fail they will have plenty of company in November.—Phila. Times.

Governor Flower, of New York, is not "a daisy," he's a Sun-Flower; he was never born to blush unseemly and waste his sweetness on the desert air. He isn't built that way. He says Cleveland is a coming 50,000 strong.

The party that tells the people that the farmer's products are protected by the McKinley bill, and that the tax tariff places upon trade is paid by foreigners, advertises itself as a party unworthy of confidence or support.

REPUBLICANS boast of the amount of the country's exports of agricultural products; but they take good care not to publish any estimates of the loss involved to the farmer from not being permitted to spend his money in the same market in which his products are sold. This runs away up in the millions.

Asheville Citizen: Fifth annual revenue collections for the Fifth North Carolina district yesterday were \$4,797 16.

Raleigh Chronicle: Prof. William Swinton, who was found dead recently in his room in New York, was at one time a teacher in Epworth Female Seminary at Greensboro. This was a Presbyterian institution, burned in the 60's and never rebuilt.

Wilmington Star: The following are the counties in which Federal supervisors of elections have been appointed. Bertie, Brunswick, Camden, Beaufort, Bladen, Craven, Cumberland, Currituck, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Hertford, Johnston, Jones, Lenoir, Martin, Nash, Northampton, Pamlico, Pitt, Robeson, Vance, Wake, Warren, Washington and Wilson.

RIGHT WILL RIGHT ITSELF.

When overcome with anxious fears, And moved with passion strong, Because the right seems losing ground And everything goes wrong, How oft does admonition say: "Put trouble on the shelf, Truth will outlive the liar's day And right will right itself."

By all the triumphs of the past, By all the victories won, The good achieved, the progress made Each day, from sun to sun: In spite of artful ways employed By perjury or guile, Of one thing we can rest assured, The right will right itself!

Unshaken in our faith and zeal, 'Tis ours to do and dare, To find the place we best can fill, And serve our Maker there; For he is only brave who thus Puts trouble on the shelf, And trusts in God, for by His aid The right will right itself.

—New York Ledger.

FRESH FUN.

The Sharp and Witty Sayings of the Press Men.

He had a great big satchel in his right hand and an umbrella in his left as he entered the drug store, says the New York Herald. When he had squared himself in front of the soda fountain he dropped the satchel with a thud and the umbrella with a clatter and said:—

Gimme sumthin' for the brain. Posphate? inquired the girl. You know best. I want sumthin' that will act as fodder for the brain. I jest gin a feller a 20 shillin' gold piece in place of a penny, and I guess my brains is soltin' up.

She drew him a glass of phosphate and he made about three swallows of it. Then he put the glass down and asked:— Got anything for the nerves?

Yes, sir. Gimme sumthin'. Feller jes kicked me off a hoss car and my nerves are right on the jum.

He downed the stuff without stopping to take breath, and as he lowered the glass he asked:— Got anything here for shivers?

We have calaisya. Gimme come. Policeman said he'd run me in, and cold shivers are galloping up and down my spine.

He drank this mixture with less haste, and after he had wiped off his chin, he said:—

There oder be somethin' to brace up the hull system in general, but I don't know the name of it.

We—we have tone she replied, Then gimme some. I'm agoin' out and find that feller who kicked me and gin him an awful lickin'. Put in a heap of tone and not much froth.

He drank this with an occasional interval to ejaculate Ah! and appeared calmer as he said: I guess that will purty nigh fetch me, and I'll to off with somethin' to make me so hoppin' mad that nobody can't hold me. Gimme some pineapple, lemon, vanilla, strawberry, vichy and cream, all shook up together.

He got what he asked for, and as he paid for the job lot and picked up his baggage he muttered:—

Brain all right—nerves all right—system all right, and I'm fightin' mad and ready to die! If I find that galoot—whiff.

Professor Eradicat. "Can anyone in the audience tell me how many species of snakes there are?" Keelied. "Yes, sir. Three million."

Professor Eradicat. "Correct sir. But how do you know this is right?" Keelied. "I have seen them all."—Boston Courier.

Smithfield Herald: Mr. W. T. Thain, who had been sick of consumption for several months died at 3 o'clock Tuesday morning. He was in the 37th year and was at one time a promising young man but in his early manhood he became a victim of strong drink and died a total wreck.

Mrs. J. Watson, 1023 Arizona St. Philadelphia, Pa., says: I think Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a splendid remedy. I had a cough night and day and one bottle relieved me wonderfully.

GOLDSBORO MARKETS.

Corrected Daily by B. M. Privett Wholesale Provision and Grain Dealer.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

| | |
|----------|--------|
| Cotton | 7.75 |
| Wheat | 12 1/2 |
| Flour | 9 1/2 |
| Shredded | 9 1/2 |
| Lard | 9 1/2 |
| Feed | 9 1/2 |
| Corn | 50 1/2 |
| Meal | 50 1/2 |
| Peas | 50 1/2 |
| Beans | 50 1/2 |
| Onions | 50 1/2 |
| Apples | 50 1/2 |
| Chickens | 15 1/2 |
| Ducks | 20 1/2 |
| Hides | 5 1/2 |

Policy Paid.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Oct. 28th, '92. Mr. J. S. Jones, Mgr., Provident Saving Life Insurance Co., of New York.

DEAR SIR:—Accept my thanks for the payment of \$5,000, under policy No. 24,292, which my husband A. B. Thompson held in your company. As to the terms of the policy, the payment was not due until Dec. 1st. You have displayed commendable promptness in paying this claim before its due date. I bear testimony also to the Company paying the full face value of the policy, thus saving me the discount to which it is entitled in thus anticipating the payment. Yours truly VIRGINIA M. THOMPSON.

THE FIGHT!!

Is on in every line of trade, and I am in the ring and must stick. Having had an opportunity to contract with one firm for 500 gallons of oysters I get them and the very finest—at prices that enables me to defy competition.

Best Norfolk Primes, sold heretofore at 35 cts a quart; 50 at 35 cts per quart; 15 at 35 cts per quart; 20 at 35 cts per quart; 25 at 35 cts per quart; 30 at 35 cts per quart; 35 at 35 cts per quart; 40 at 35 cts per quart; 45 at 35 cts per quart; 50 at 35 cts per quart.

The finest oyster crackers on the market. Thankful for past patronage and by honest dealing and strict attention to business I ask for a continuance of the same. Respectfully, J. D. DANIELS.

My Oyster Restaurant is open all hours, with the best oyster cook in the city Try him. East Centre street.

UMBRELLAS CLOTHING

We Want!

—TO GIVE YOU—

CHEAP FELLOWS

—A—

LECTURE.

WE want every one of you to come and see us. And we shall demonstrate clearly that economy does not consist in buying shoddy and cheap apparel.

Einstein Clothing Company.

Correct Dressers and Haberdashers